

# "Design And Analysis Of Sewage Treatment Plant For Sanskrithi School Of Engineering, Puttaparthi"

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**ABSTRACT**: Our instructive organization don't have appropriate treatment unit for treating the sewage made by it. So it is needed to develop a Sewage Treatment Plant with adequate ability to treat the sewage. This paper manages the legitimate plan of a total treatment of sewage and its significant segments, for example, Screen chamber, Skimming Tank, Primary Sedimentation Tank, ASP (Activated Sludge Process) Tank, Secondary Sedimentation Tank and Disinfection of sewage. By the execution of this plan the whole sewage treatment of our instructive establishment should be possible viably and effectively.

**KEYWORDS:** Sewage treatment plant, Primary Sedimentation Tank, ASP(Activated Sludge Process) Tank, Secondary Sedimentation Tank, Disinfection

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Sewage treatment is the process of removing contaminants from wastewater and household sewage, both runoff (effluents) and domestic. It includes physical, chemical, and biological processes to remove physical, chemical and biological contaminants. Its objective is to produce a treated effluent and a solid waste or sludge suitable for discharge or reuse back into the environment. This material is often inadvertently contaminated with many toxic organic and inorganic compounds.

### **II. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY**

There are three major objectives of our study-

- Physical, chemical and biological characterization of wastewater.
- Comparison with the prescribed standards.

• Design of a sewage treatment plant by designing all its units.

#### **III. STUDY AREA**

SSE college is located near Beedupalli village, Puttaparthi , Andhra Pradesh 515134. The coordinates of SSE college are 14.1337°N 77.7787° E.



Google map of Sanskrithi school of Engineering



Table -1: Chemical Quality of Raw and Standard sewage			
Sl.no	Parameters	Raw Sewage	Standard
1.	рН	6.4	5.5 - 9.0
2.	BOD	200mg/l	≤20mg/l
3.	COD	600mg/l	≤250mg/l
4.	Oil and grease	50 mg/l	≤5 mg/l
5.	Total suspended solids	600 mg/l	≤30 mg/l
6.	Nitrogen	61 mg/l	≤5 mg/l
7.	Ammonia nitrogen	50 mg/l	≤50 mg/l
8.	Total phosphorous	5 mg/l	≤5 mg/l
9.	Total coli form	100000 MPN/ml	≤1000 no/ 100ml

IV. CHEMICAL TEST TABLE Table -1: Chemical Quality of Raw and Standard sewage

## V. DESIGN CALCULATIONS OF SEWAGE GENERATION

The current population of SSE has been calculated for the estimation of the total sewage generation.

#### TOTAL DISCHARGE CALCULATION:

FOR HOSTEI		
Population	=	801 persons
Per capita demand	=	135 per head
Water demand	=	801 x 135
=	108135	l/day
=	0.0012	m <sup>3</sup> /day
Sewage demand, Q <sub>S1</sub>	=	0.8 x 0.012
=	0.001 m	<sup>3</sup> /sec

#### FOR COLLEGE:

 $\begin{array}{rl} \mbox{Population} &= 2548-801 = 1747 \mbox{ persons} \\ \mbox{Per capita demand} &= 45 \mbox{ per head} \\ \mbox{Water demand} &= 1747 \ x \ 45 \\ &= 82109 \ 1/day \\ &= 0.0009 \ m3/day \\ \mbox{Sewage demand}, \ Q_{s2} = 0.8 \ x \ 0.0009 \\ &= 0.00076 \ m^3/sec \\ \mbox{Total Sewage Demand} \\ \ Q_s = 0.001 + 0.00076 = 0.0017 \ m^3/sec. \\ \ Q = 3.5 \ x \ 0.0017 \\ &= 0.0059 \ m^3/sec. \\ \end{array}$ 

Ultimate design period= 30 years. Approximately, present population in SSE =2548. water consumption = 1351pcd



S.no	Design	Value
	parameter	
1	Pick	0.0059m <sup>3</sup> /sec
	flow	
	through	
	core	
	screen	
2	Velocity	0.9 m/s
	through	
	the	
	screen	
3	Clear	$0.012 \text{ m}^2$ .
	opening	
	area	
4	Clear	0.03m
	opening	
	between	
	bars	
5	No. of	21
	clear	
	opening	
	in	
	Coarse	
	Screen	
6	Width	0.83m
	of	
	channel	
	for	
	coarse	
	screen	
7	Depth of	0.9m
	channel	
	tor coarse	
	screen	

#### Table -2: Design detais of screening

**Table -3**: Design details of skimming tank

S.no	Design parameter	Value
1	Peak flow of sewage in skimming tank	509.76 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2	Area of skimming tank	0.01m <sup>2</sup>
3	Width of skimming tank	0.08m
4	Length of skimming tank	0.12m
5	Depth of skimming tank	1.5m



#### Table -4: Design details of sedimentation tank

S	Design parameter	Value
•		
n		
0		
1	Quantity of sewage	0.0059m <sup>3</sup> /sec
2	Volume of prin sedimentation tank	m <b>4</b> £y49m <sup>3</sup>
3	Detention period	2 hours
4	Surface area of prin sedimentation tank	n <b>å0</b> ym²
5	Depth of primary sediments tank	at <b>ion</b>
6	Diameter of prin sedimentation tank	n <b>4ııy</b>

 Table -5: Design details of aeration tank

S.no	Design parameter	Value
1	Depth of aeration tank	3.5 m
2	Length of aeration tank	1.2 m
3	Width of aeration tank	4 m

S.no	Design parameter	Value
1	Quantity of sewage	509 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2	Volume of secor sedimentation tank	ndatif ym <sup>3</sup>
3	Detention period	2 hours
4	Surface area of secor sedimentation tank	10200336 m <sup>2</sup>
5	Depth of secondary sediment tank	a <b>ദിന്</b> ന
6	Diameter of secor sedimentation tank	hdfauny

#### VI. CONCLUSIONS

A fruitful specialized task includes incorporation of different fields. This is an endeavor to consolidate a few parts of ecological, organic and synthetic and structural engineering. The plant is planned consummately to meet the future extension for the following 30 years as per Indian Codal arrangements. This undertaking comprises the plan



of the total segments of a Sewage Treatment Plant from getting chamber, screening chamber, coarseness chamber, skimming tank, sedimentation tank, auxiliary clarifier for sewage.

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